

Lessons from other Industries for Transforming Health Care

Will Falk

April 22, 2009

Lessons from Other Industries: Purpose

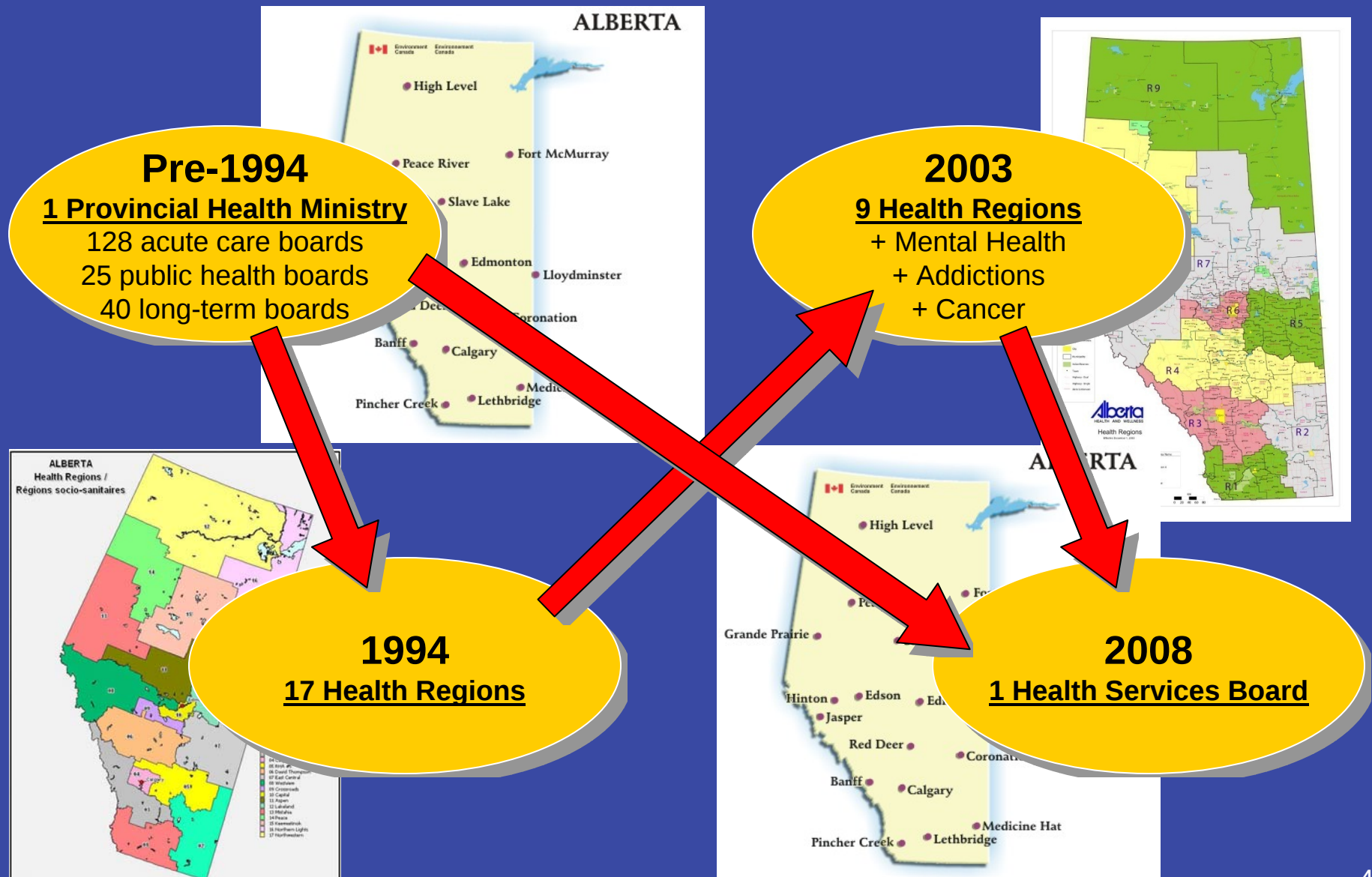
- Provide some examples that raise fundamental questions
- “De-anchor”. Hopefully without giving offence
- Be leading edge while remaining relevant to the challenges of today
- Have some fun with it!

Reorganizing and Restructuring: What do We Have to Learn from Telecoms?



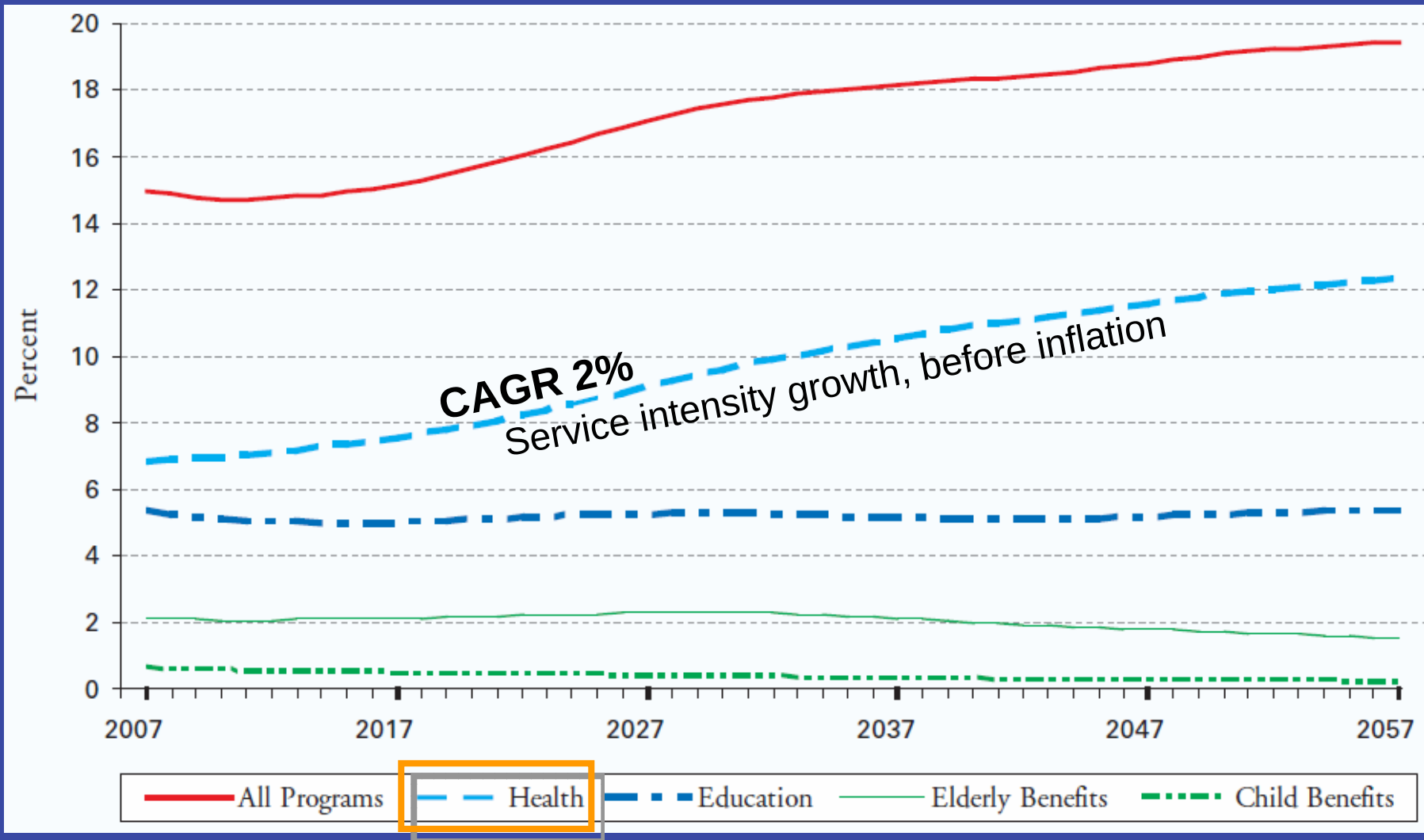
Source: The Colbert Report

Not Much! Healthcare Leads the Way.



Healthcare Has A Core Belief in: The Straight Line of Death!

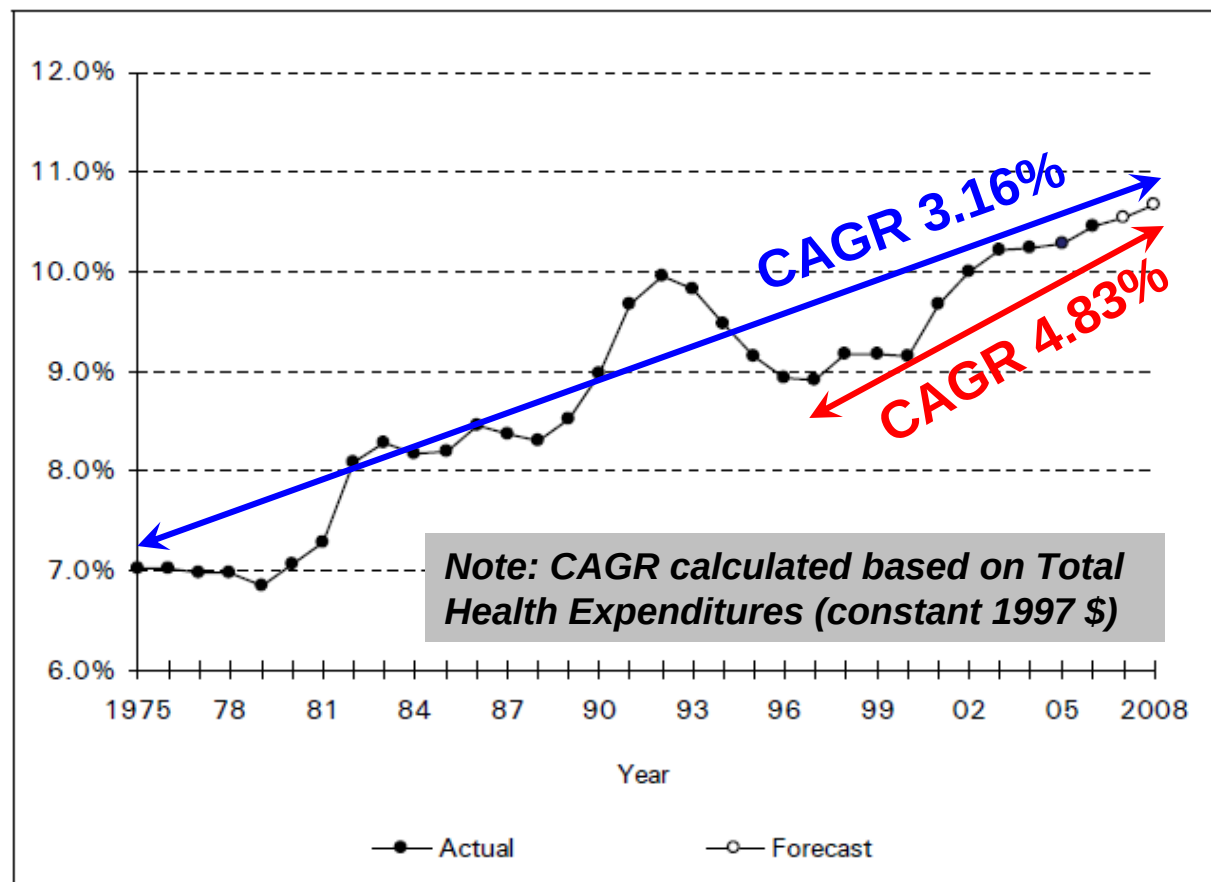
Major Demographically Driven Program as Share of GDP: National Total



We believe this because of our history

Costs: Health Spending vs. GDP

Figure 5 Total Health Expenditure as a Percentage of Gross Domestic Product, Canada, 1975 to 2008

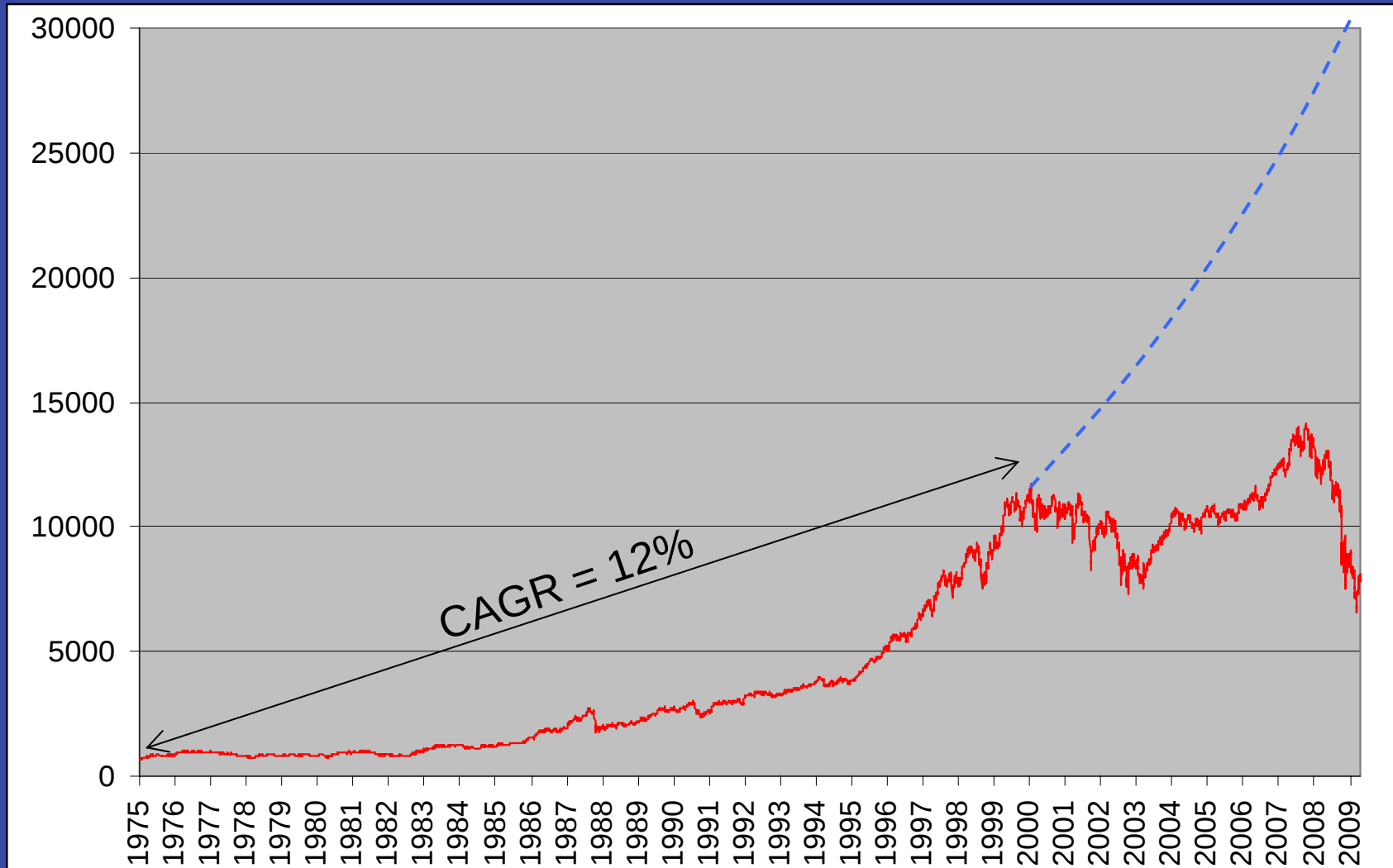


Sources

National Health Expenditure Database, Canadian Institute for Health Information; Gross Domestic Product, Statistics Canada.

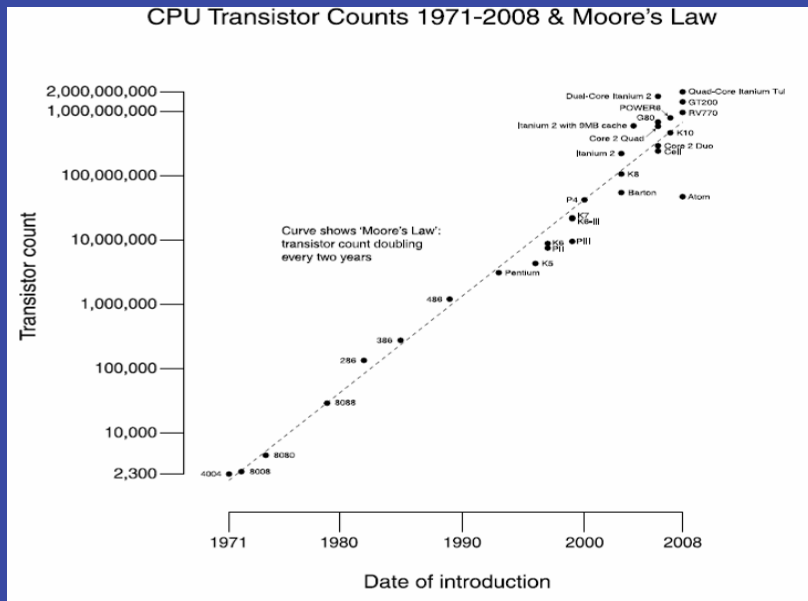
Lessons from Other Industries...

Another Straight Line: Dow Jones 30,000!

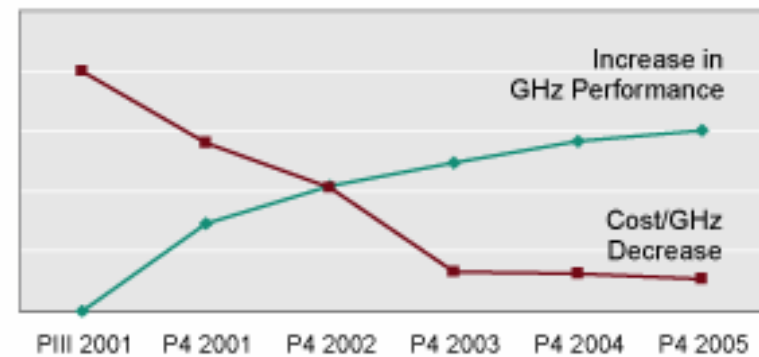


Costs: Lesson from the Computer Industry

Moore's Law: Transistor count doubles every two years



Price/Performance of Desktop PCs
2001 to 2005



Source: Computer Economics

What is its application to health care?



Source: Four students from MGT 2017 (J. Clayman, S. Yang, A. Lo, T. Looi)

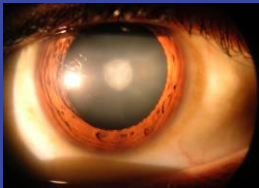
Case Study #1: Centre of Excellence in Cataracts

Direct to
Patients

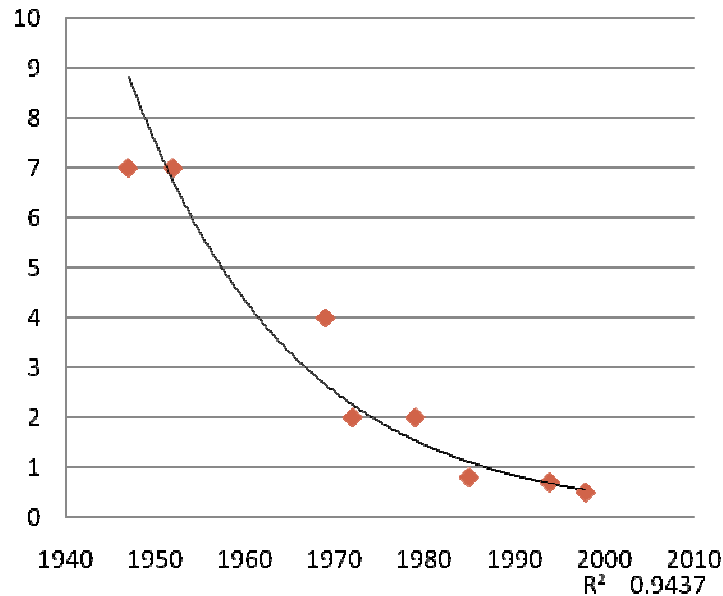
KEI



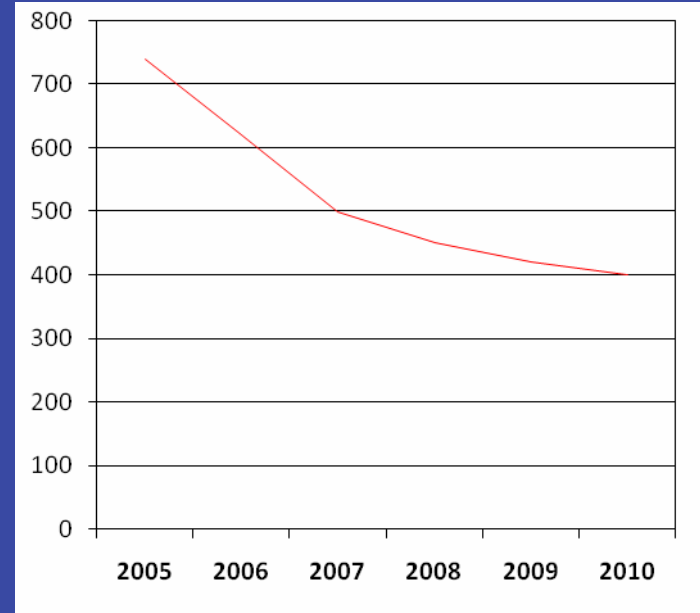
Patients



Cost in Inpatient Nights



Price per Eye

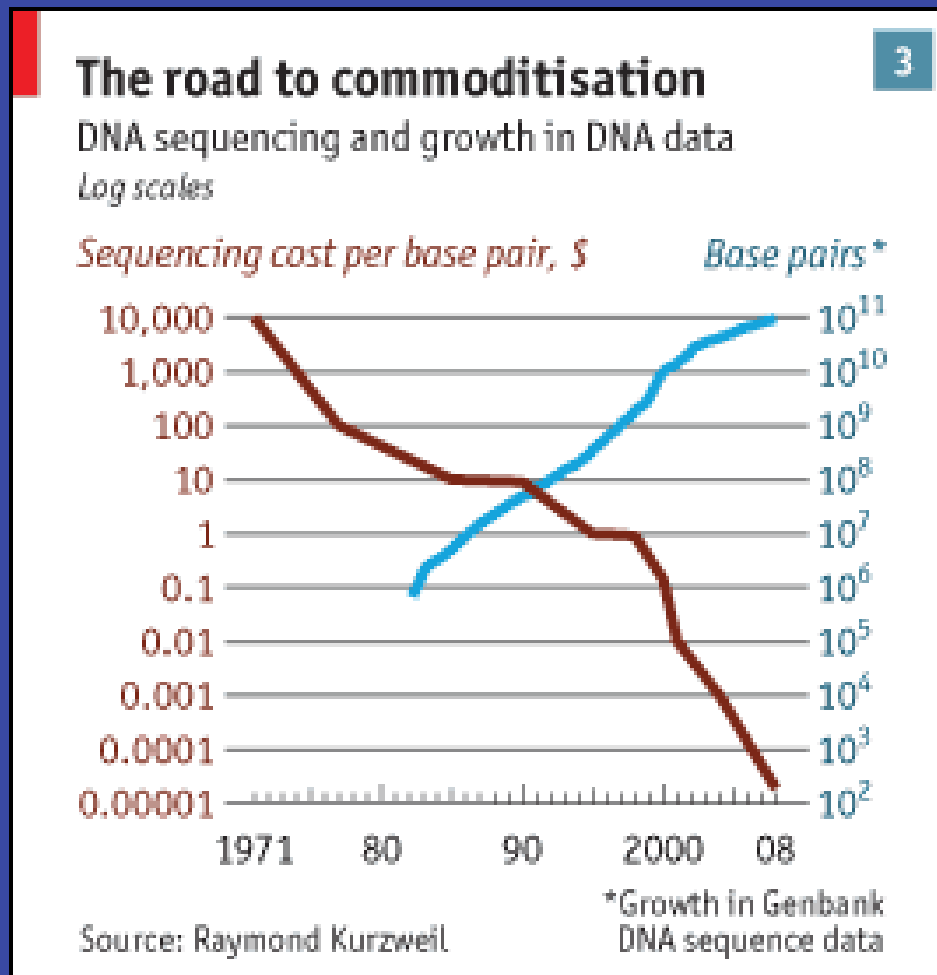


Cost	Quality	Access	Value
40% reduction in cost (from 2005 to 2008)	>40% reduction of resident's falls at KEI (other measures of comfort, outcomes, and safety also improved)	KEI responsible for 58% Decrease in wait times in <2 years, volume of 7200/yr, capacity of 12,000/yr	

Case Study #2: Diagnostic Imaging Across Canada

- Clinicians in urban centres can review images of patients in rural areas instantly, reducing lag time for diagnosis, need for travel and lowering costs
- **On average, DI delivers 25-30% improvement in radiologists' productivity**
- More than half of referring physicians indicate DI improved efficiency of clinical decision-making by 30 to 90 minutes per week; capacity increase equivalent of up to 500 additional specialists across Canada
- 39% of radiologists now reporting for new remote sites; improved remote reporting enables radiologists to support care delivery and improve access for remote geographies and populations
- **30-40% improvement in turnaround times** (clinical decisions and subsequent treatment of patients now occurs 10-24 hours sooner)
- Eliminates 10,000-17,000 patient transfers each year

Case Study #3: Moore's Law and the Genome

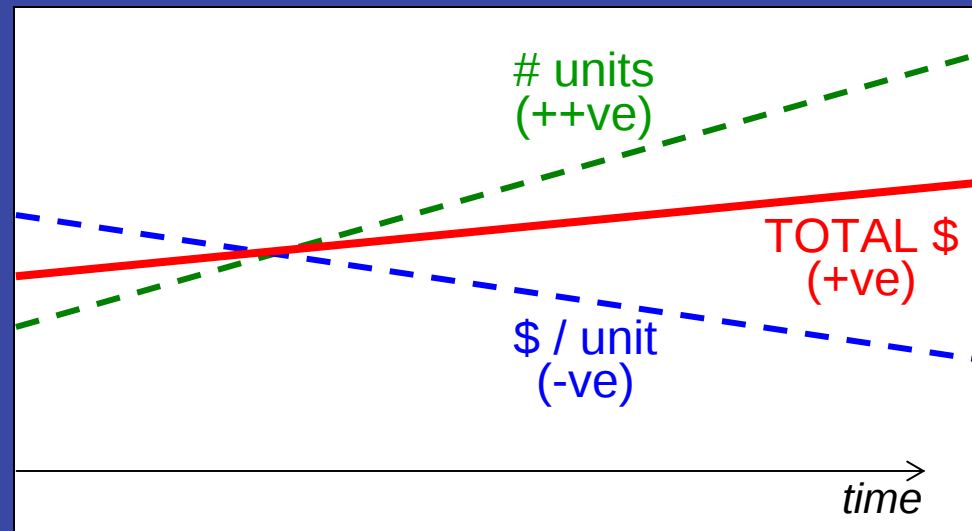


- Sequencing equipment has been improving even faster than Moore's law!
- In the last decade the pace has been increasing.

Costs: What's really happening?

Things become clearer when you consider trends over longer periods of time...

- Surgery and Diagnostic Imaging
- Cardiac Devices?
- Lab Tests?
- Individual drugs?

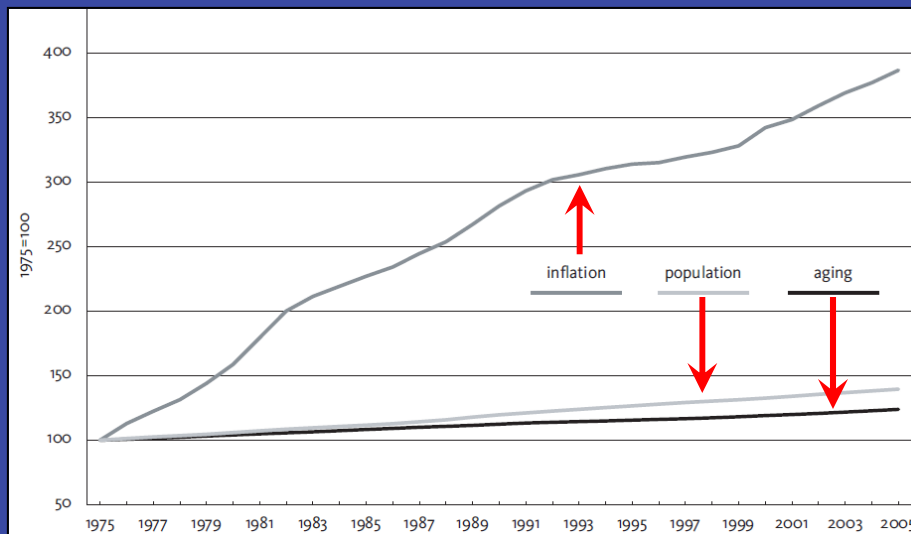


Lessons:

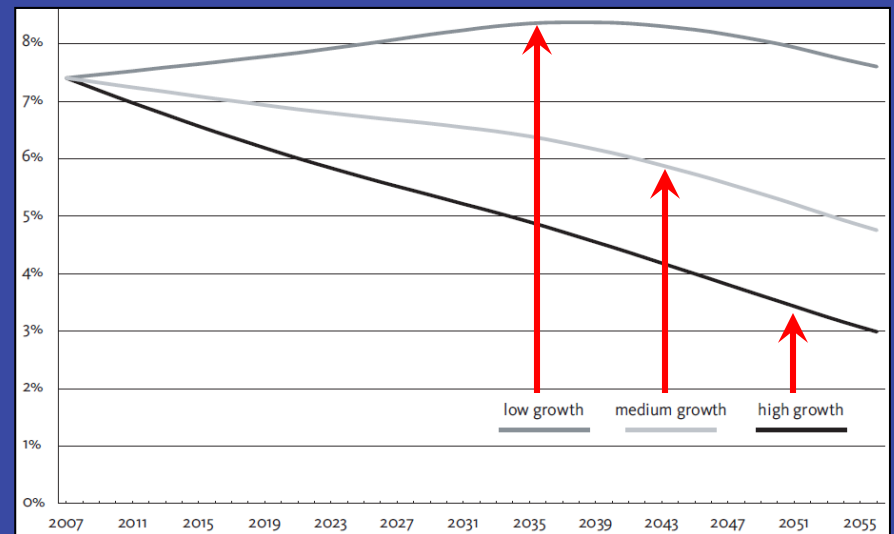
- ***We have mistaken rising total costs for rising unit costs. Many unit costs are actually declining!***
- ***We need to manage at the cost per unit & basket level***
- ***Some VERY good news in our future around the end of the next decade – “The Healthcare Dividend?”***

Lessons in Costs: It Costs More Because We Want More!

Comparison of Cost Drivers, 1975-2005



Three Economical Growth Scenarios: Health as % of GDP



- Aging and population only account for 0.8% and 1.0% per year cost growth; inflation accounts for 2.5%
- The real challenge is in financing the enrichment of health care: new drugs, surgical techniques, DI technologies, and end-of-life care (30-50% of health care expenditures happen in the final year of life)
- Canadians now receive 1.5X the health care of Canadians 30 years ago
- Even with medium growth in GDP, health care costs are controllable within the current basket; the tough decisions will be in managing the “enrichment” of services offered. We need to create room to buy more!

New Customer Service Technologies: Lessons from My Lawyer

"Hi Daniel, it's Will. How are you?"

"Good. What's up? I am in the middle of a closing."

"My neighbour's runway crosses on to my farm for fifty feet. Am I OK if he names me as an insured? Anything else I need to do?"

"Probably should get him to acknowledge that he doesn't have any ownership by right of continued use."

"Could you draft me something?"

"Sure. When do you need it? Send me the details by email."



New Customer Service Technologies: Lessons from My Accountant

He emails me with advice
and I pay his bills!

Imagine how it would
affect OUR productivity
(both his and mine) if I had
to go see him for this
question...

From: Allan Jubenville [ajubenville@kblp.ca]
Sent: Monday, January 12, 2009 9:58 AM
To: Falk, William F.
Subject: RRSP Limits

WF – 9,999

KF – 9,999

If you have any questions, please let me know.

Regards,
Allan Jubenville, C.A.
Manager
Kraft Berger LLP
ajubenville@kblp.ca
www.kblp.ca

Technology Adoption in Context

- We are spending billions to implement modern eHealth systems and we will not let providers use 19th and 20th century technology in their daily practice
- This is purely a false economy that results in HHR shortages and deadweight loss to consumers who have to physically see their provider for a visit to happen
- Kaiser Permanente published evidence that its digital efforts have cut visits per patient by an average of 26% thanks to more e-mail & telephone consultations... patients seem to like it too¹
- If we don't act, we will now see extra-billing and a two tier system
- WE COULD FIX THIS!



Lesson:

- **We have the technology; we just don't use it (or can't)**

Healthcare Provider Technology Hype Cycle - Gartner

Huge # of new innovations
in the next 2-5 years

This material can be purchased from Gartner

Solving HR Problems: Lessons from Nannies and Strippers

- In 2004, Canada imported¹:
 - 5,000 live-in caregivers
 - 1,560 university professors
 - 661 exotic dancers
- According to CNA, we will be short by 113,000 nurses by 2010
- Philippines over-graduates nurses for export
- Capital Health figured this out first and hired 600+ in 2006 and then went back again
- In Nov. 2008, Philippine government signed a bilateral agreement with Canada to supply as many as 57,000 to 113,000 nurses until 2011²



Surprisingly, there has been little press coverage of this initiative in Canada!

Sources: ¹ Washington Post, December 5, 2004

² Manila Times, December 7, 2008

Solving HR Problems: Stimulus and Medical Tourism

- 62-year-old retired Bank of America executive needed surgery for a double hernia
- Private health insurance policy had a steep \$10,000 deductible
 - Operation would have cost \$14,000 stateside
- Paid only \$3,900 in hospital and doctor's bills in Costa Rica, and was home four weeks later with no complications

The New York Times		March 20, 2009		
Surgery Abroad		Heart valve replacement with bypass	Hip replacement	Knee replacement
Average costs of three procedures, including hospital and doctor fees but excluding travel and lodging.				
	U.S.	\$75,000	\$33,000	\$30,000
	Thailand	25,000	12,700	11,500
	Singapore	22,000	12,000	9,600
	India	9,500	10,200	10,200
Source: Healthy Travel Media				

- Cost of surgery performed overseas can be as little as 20% of the price of the same procedure in the United States

Should Canada be a medical tourism destination for the US?
What about remote diagnostics?

Quality: Lessons from Aviation (Checklists)

The WHO developed a 19-step surgical safety checklist that is shocking in its simplicity. Mortality dropped from 1.5% to 0.8% across the 8 WHO hospitals

 SURGICAL SAFETY CHECKLIST (FIRST EDITION)		
Before induction of anaesthesia ▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶ Before skin incision ▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶▶ Before patient leaves operating room		
SIGN IN ☐ PATIENT HAS CONFIRMED • IDENTITY • SITE • PROCEDURE • CONSENT ☐ SITE MARKED/NOT APPLICABLE ☐ ANAESTHESIA SAFETY CHECK COMPLETED ☐ PULSE OXIMETER ON PATIENT AND FUNCTIONING DOES PATIENT HAVE A: KNOWN ALLERGY? ☐ NO ☐ YES DIFFICULT AIRWAY/ASPIRATION RISK? ☐ NO ☐ YES, AND EQUIPMENT/ASSISTANCE AVAILABLE RISK OF >500ML BLOOD LOSS (7ML/KG IN CHILDREN)? ☐ NO ☐ YES, AND ADEQUATE INTRAVENOUS ACCESS AND FLUIDS PLANNED	TIME OUT ☐ CONFIRM ALL TEAM MEMBERS HAVE INTRODUCED THEMSELVES BY NAME AND ROLE ☐ SURGEON, ANAESTHESIA PROFESSIONAL AND NURSE VERBALLY CONFIRM • PATIENT • SITE • PROCEDURE ANTICIPATED CRITICAL EVENTS ☐ SURGEON REVIEWS: WHAT ARE THE CRITICAL OR UNEXPECTED STEPS, OPERATIVE DURATION, ANTICIPATED BLOOD LOSS? ☐ ANAESTHESIA TEAM REVIEWS: ARE THERE ANY PATIENT-SPECIFIC CONCERNS? ☐ NURSING TEAM REVIEWS: HAS STERILITY (INCLUDING INDICATOR RESULTS) BEEN CONFIRMED? ARE THERE EQUIPMENT ISSUES OR ANY CONCERNS? HAS ANTIBIOTIC PROPHYLAXIS BEEN GIVEN WITHIN THE LAST 60 MINUTES? ☐ YES ☐ NOT APPLICABLE IS ESSENTIAL IMAGING DISPLAYED? ☐ YES ☐ NOT APPLICABLE	SIGN OUT NURSE VERBALLY CONFIRMS WITH THE TEAM: ☐ THE NAME OF THE PROCEDURE RECORDED ☐ THAT INSTRUMENT, SPONGE AND NEEDLE COUNTS ARE CORRECT (OR NOT APPLICABLE) ☐ HOW THE SPECIMEN IS LABELLED (INCLUDING PATIENT NAME) ☐ WHETHER THERE ARE ANY EQUIPMENT PROBLEMS TO BE ADDRESSED ☐ SURGEON, ANAESTHESIA PROFESSIONAL AND NURSE REVIEW THE KEY CONCERNS FOR RECOVERY AND MANAGEMENT OF THIS PATIENT

Source: www.hsph.harvard.edu

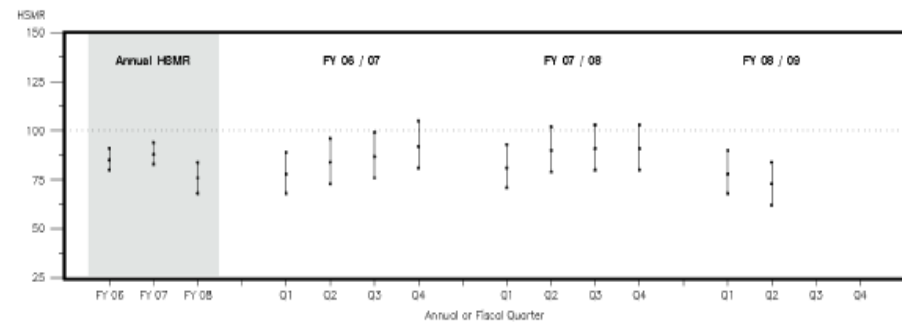
THIS CHECKLIST IS NOT INTENDED TO BE COMPREHENSIVE. ADDITIONS AND MODIFICATIONS TO FIT LOCAL PRACTICE ARE ENCOURAGED.

How Do We Create Value?

- Don't kill the patient
- HSMR measures hospital risk of dying
- Good value based competition measure
- UHN is now down to 73!!
- Raw unadjusted mortality is down 40 per month

*Hospital Standardized Mortality Ratio (HSMR) - 2008-2009 Q2 Quarterly Report
CIHI HSMR Methodology version 3.0*

University Health Network



Fiscal Quarter	Cases	Deaths	HSMR	95% CI	Significance*	Peer Range	Peer QR
Q1 Apr-Jun 2008	3,091	218	78	68 - 90	Yes		
Q2 Jul-Sep 2008	2,867	178	73	62 - 84	Yes		
Q3 Oct-Dec 2008	-	-	-	-	-		
Q4 Jan-Mar 2009	-	-	-	-	-		
YTD FY2008-2009	5,958	396	76	68 - 84	Yes	59 - 113	79 - 93

HSMR results with '!' should be interpreted with caution

* Significantly different from the FY2004/2005 baseline HSMR of 100 ($p < 0.05$)

HSMR of 100 is the reference value for FY2004-2005

ID:53910, Peer Group: 4

Data submitted as of 05-Dec-08 Periods Outstanding: 0 Report created on 23-Jan-09

Supply Chain: Lessons from Walmart

- Purchase a flashlight at Wal-Mart
- Cash register reads the bar code
- Within 14 seconds, the Wal-Mart central warehouse is notified that the retail store needs a new flashlight
- Manufacturer is also notified
- Even the raw material suppliers are notified



*Can this be applied to medical supplies?
What about medical providers for patient flow?*

Service: Lessons from FedEx



- Parcel is picked up and tagged, and scanned
- Scanned at each connection point
- I can go online at any time and see the progress towards the end destination

We should be able to see where a patient has received care starting from the initial diagnosis

Efficiency: Lessons from NASCAR



- Team fixes problem and is out of the way within 20 seconds
- Area is then free for next problem

Can this concept of flexible work areas be applied in hospitals?

How do we overcome the Barriers

- Why don't we learn from these examples from other industries and adopt the techniques?
- We Do!
- But we could do more:
 - Expect cost declines; insist on them
 - Reward those who build a better mousetrap
 - End fuzzy thinking on public/private
 - Continue investing in capital
 - Restrain the guilds in the public interest
 - Act for patients and regain the high ground

Financial Incentives: Lessons from Telecom in the 80's

Rate of Return Regulation

Incentives:

- Buy overly expensive equipment
- Employ excessive human capital
- Make volume forecasts unrealistically low

*1980s
Deregulation*

Price Cap Regulation

Incentives:

- Keep equipment costs low
 - Improve human capital efficiency
 - Lower prices to boost demand
- ↓
- Capital efficiency leaped
 - Human capital costs dropped by 45%¹
 - Prices dropped dramatically

- Lessons:**
- *Cost-plus keeps prices high*
 - *Global budgets are raising total costs*
 - *We can change this and make a difference*

¹ <http://www.cranbrook.kent.sch.uk/site/economics/A2/Docs/Unit%204/General/70281.pdf>

Financial Incentives: Lessons from Loblaw

What would you do for 5¢ ?

- In January '09, Loblaw started charging 5¢ for each plastic bag
- 55% reduction in plastic bags used

Lesson: Small incentives really matter to people



How do we overcome the Barriers?

- Why don't we learn from these examples from other industries and adopt the techniques?
- We Do!
- But we could do more:
 - Expect cost declines; insist on them
 - Reward those who build a better mousetrap
 - End fuzzy thinking on public/private
 - Continue investing in capital
 - Restrain the guilds in the public interest
 - Act for patients and regain the high ground